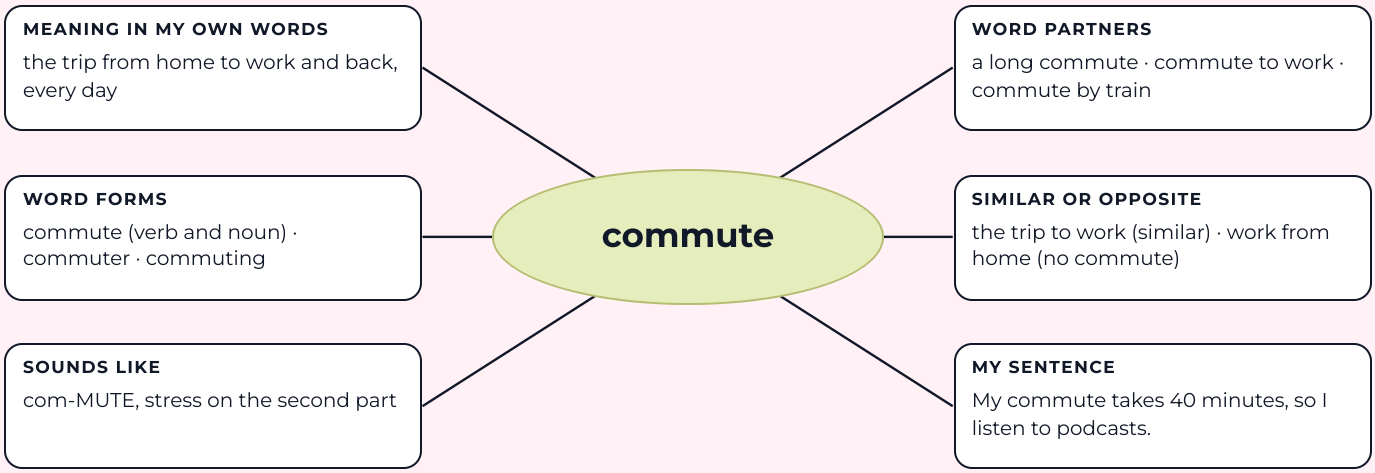
1 Word Map

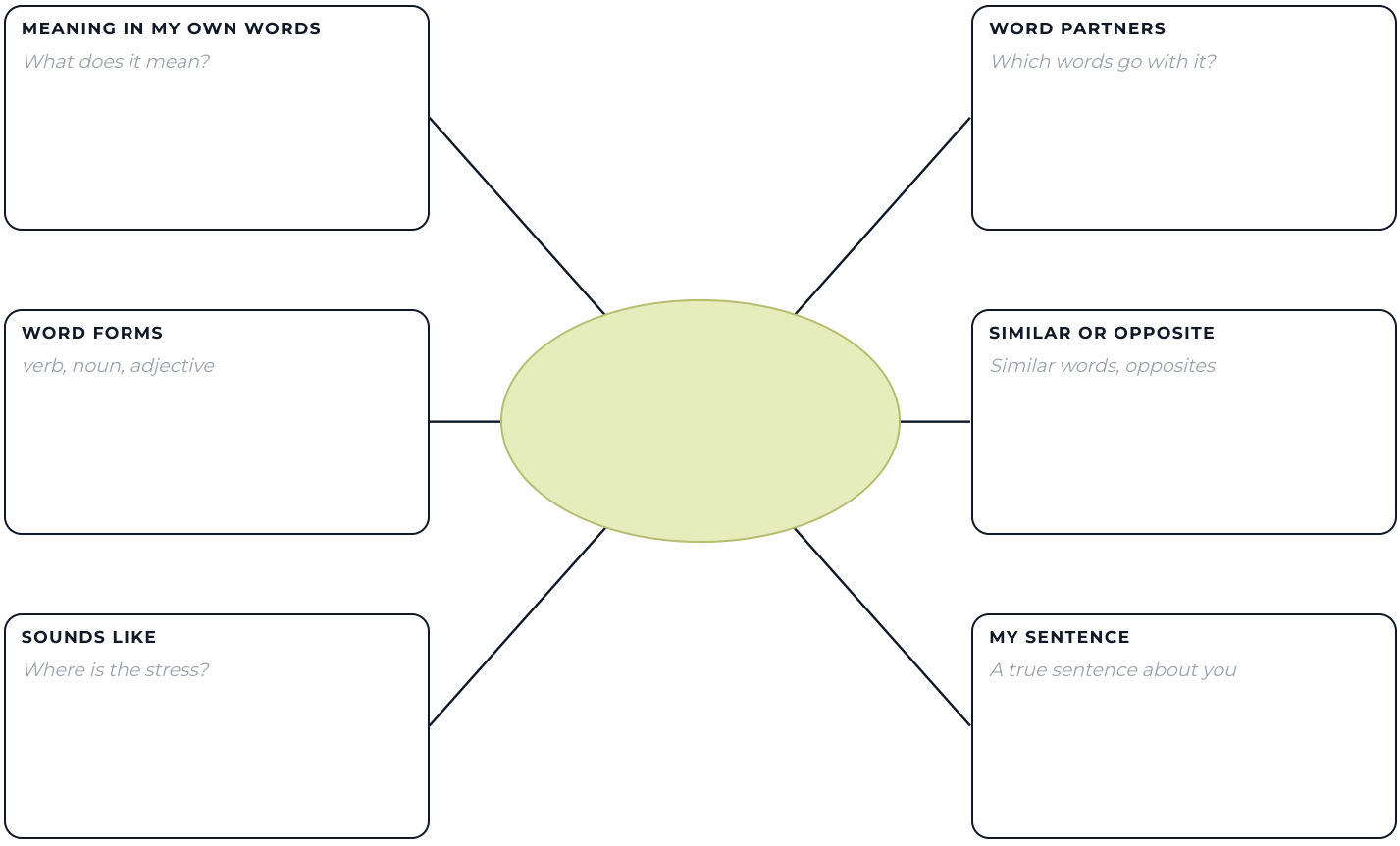
A2-C1

Best for one important word, learned in depth.

EXAMPLE **commute**



YOUR TURN **Write one new word in the middle. Fill every box in your own words, then say your sentence out loud.**

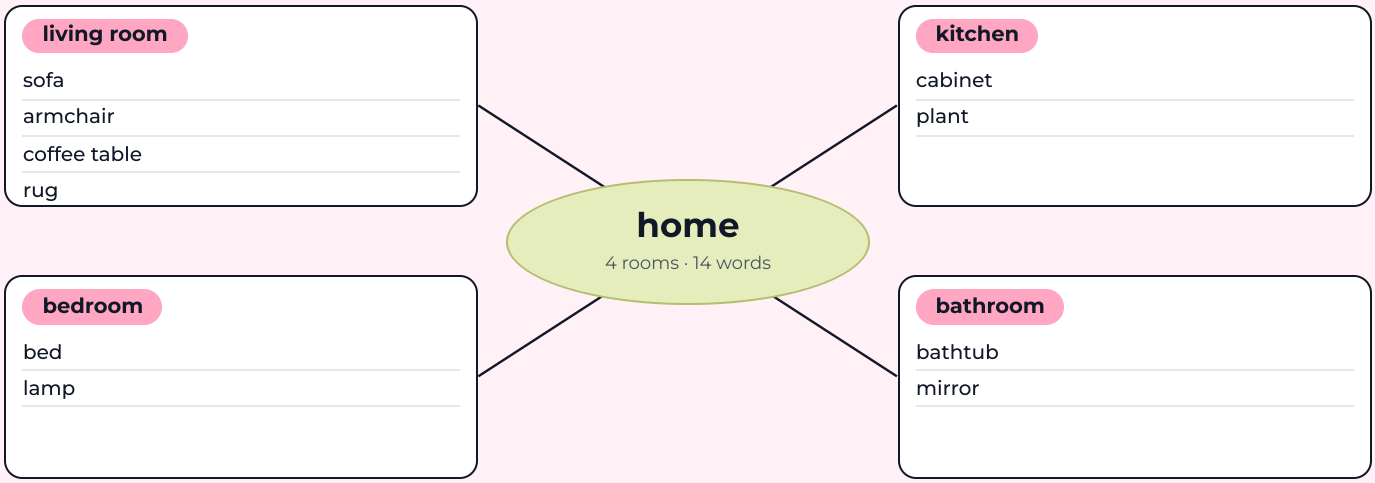


2 Topic Web

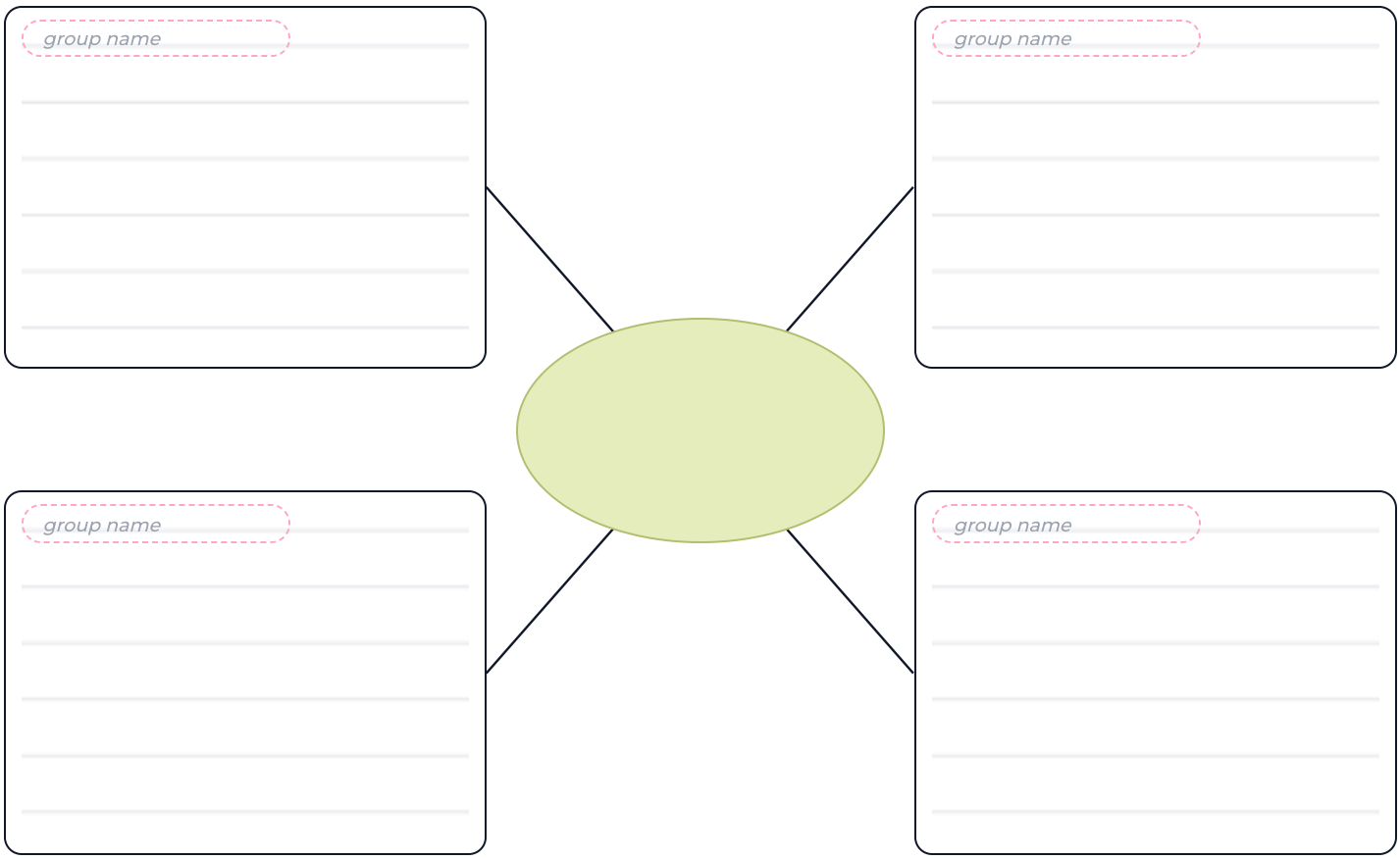
A1-B1

Best for a topic set of 12 to 14 words.

EXAMPLE **home**



YOUR TURN **Write the topic in the middle and a group name in each box. Add 2 to 4 words to every group, 12 to 14 words in total.**



3 Frayer Model

B1-C1

Best for abstract words and concepts.

EXAMPLE **burnout**

DEFINITION

being exhausted by work for a long time, so you stop caring or coping

CHARACTERISTICS

lasts weeks or months · no energy even after a weekend · you stop caring about results

burnout

EXAMPLES

a nurse who works double shifts for a year and feels nothing at work · a manager who dreads every Monday, even after a vacation

NON-EXAMPLES

feeling tired on a Friday afternoon · one stressful week before a deadline

YOUR TURN **Write the word in the middle. Then fill the four boxes. The non-examples are the hardest part, so take your time.**

DEFINITION

Meaning in your own words

CHARACTERISTICS

What is always true about it?

EXAMPLES

Real cases

NON-EXAMPLES

Close, but NOT this word

4 Word Family Tree

A2-B2

Best for one root and all its forms.

EXAMPLE **employ**

employ
verb

PERSON	THING OR IDEA	DESCRIBING WORD	OPPOSITE
employer · employee	employment	employed · self-employed	unemployed · unemployment

ONE SENTENCE, TWO FORMS My sister is self-employed, so she has no employer.

YOUR TURN **Write the root word at the top. Add its forms to each branch, then write one sentence that uses two of them.**

PERSON	THING OR IDEA	DESCRIBING WORD	OPPOSITE
-er, -ee, -or, -ist	*-ment, -tion, -ness*	*-ed, -ing, -ful, -ive*	*un-, in-, dis-, -less*

ONE SENTENCE, TWO FORMS
Use two words from the tree

5 Word Cline

B1-C1

Best for words that differ in strength.

EXAMPLE **annoyed to furious**

MILD — STRONG

annoyed → frustrated → angry → furious

SITUATION	SITUATION	SITUATION	SITUATION
The bus is five minutes late.	The printer jams for the third time.	Your roommate ate your lunch again.	A driver hits your parked car and drives away.

YOUR TURN **Put five words with a similar meaning in order, from mild to strong. Write a situation for each word.**

MILD — STRONG

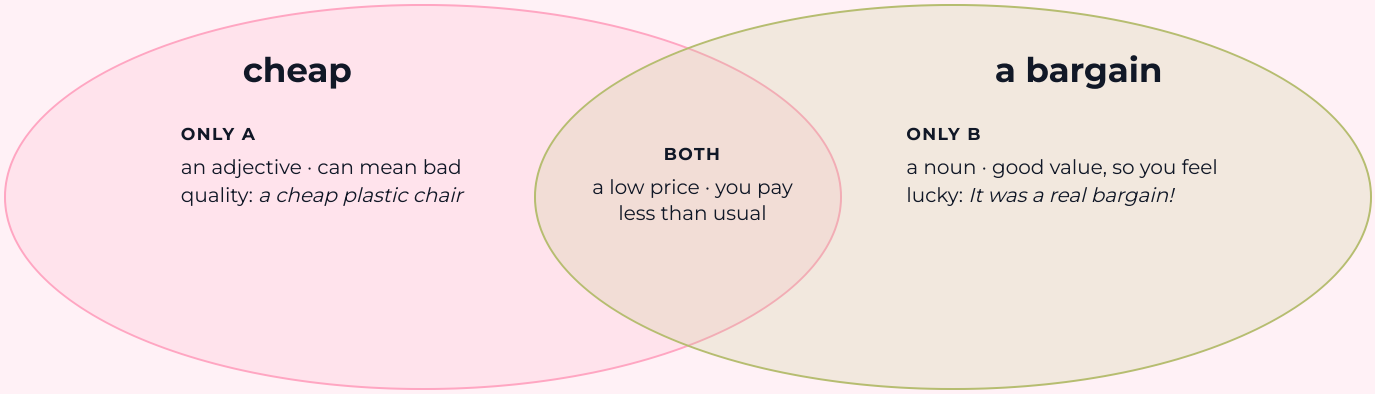
SITUATION	SITUATION	SITUATION	SITUATION	SITUATION
When do you use it?	*When do you use it?*	*When do you use it?*	*When do you use it?*	*When do you use it?*

6 Venn Diagram

A2-C1

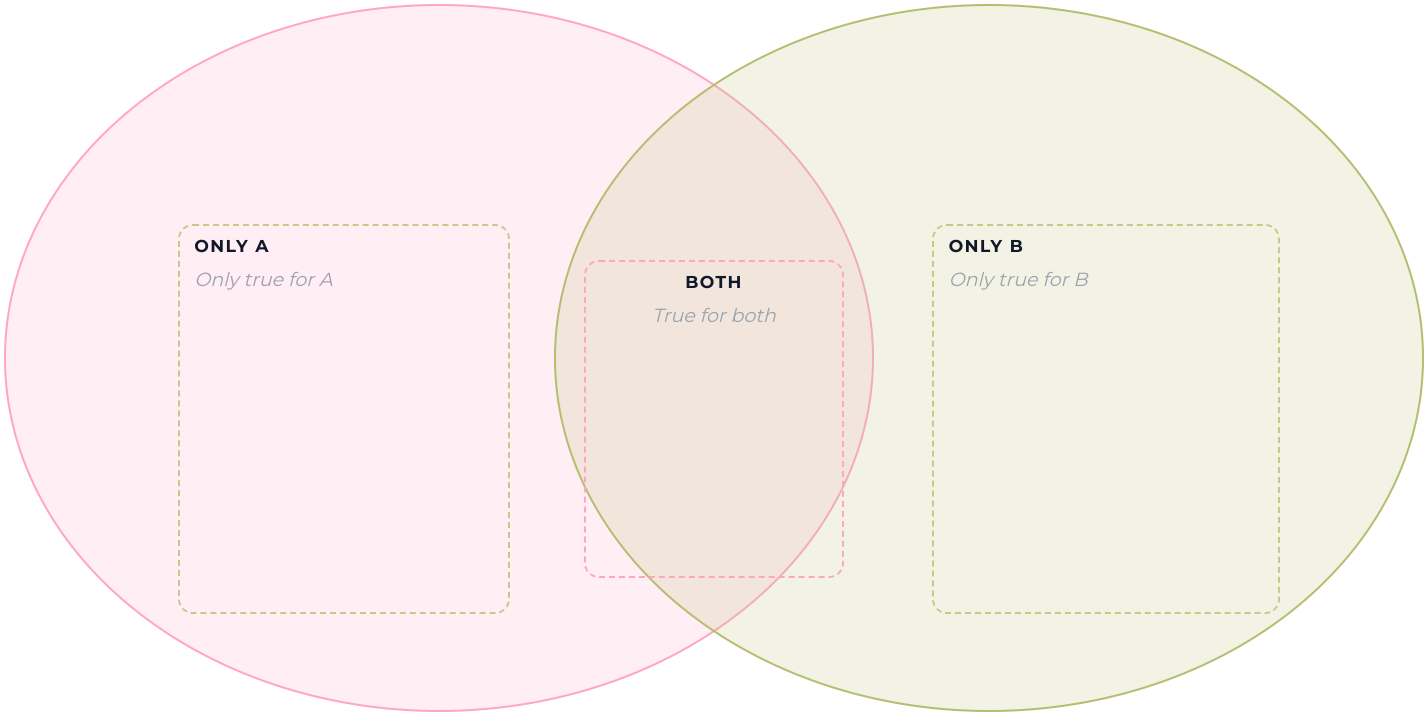
Best for two words that students mix up.

EXAMPLE **cheap or a bargain**



TEST IT The shoes were **cheap**, and they fell apart in a week. · A winter coat at 70% off? What **a bargain**!

YOUR TURN **Write one word above each circle. Put what is true only for one word on its side and what both share in the middle. Then test it.**



TEST IT

One sentence where only A works, one where only B works